

CAR 89-4

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The following discussion was held with Special Agents (SAs) b7C  
ROBERT J. OGLESBY, JK. [redacted] and [redacted] at the  
Guyana Police Department Headquarters: (u)

On December 11, 1978, Assistant Police Commissioner, CECIL A. "SKIP" ROBERTS, Guyana Police Department, advised that to date his investigation has uncovered no information indicating a pre-planned conspiracy to assassinate Congressman RYAN or any of his party. The investigation had developed no information concerning any list of proposed assassinations or murder in the United States, and they have discovered no list of potential victims. (u)

His investigation has uncovered the fact that the People's Temple (PT) maintained various bank accounts at the Guyana Cooperative Mortgage Finance Bank and Barclays Bank International Ltd, both of Georgetown, Guyana. (u)

Assistant Commissioner ROBERTS advised that he was not able to turn over copies of individual statements from surviving PT members since they were presently being reviewed by the Government's prosecutor. He did furnish the following: (u)

1) Four page investigative report dated December 4, 1978, concerning the murders committed at Lamaha Gardens; (u)

2) Nine page pathology report concerning the following individuals: LINDA SHARON AMOS, LIANNE HARRIS, MARTIN AMOS, CHRISTA AMOS, LEO RYAN, GREGORY ROBINSON, PATRICIA PARKS, BOB BROWN, and DON HARRIS. (u)

Assistant Commissioner ROBERTS advised that his prior request for a pathologist from the United States should be rescinded since Dr. L. MOOTOO has performed the necessary pathological examinations. (u)

He advised that his department has recovered approximately 2.5 million dollars (Guyanese dollars) from various locations in the Jonestown area. These funds consist of United States and Guyanese currency. In addition, numerous checks have been turned over to the American Embassy in Georgetown, Guyana. (u)

CLINICAL MEDICAL LABORATORY

F.M.Ho., 7/20/74

NAME..... Linda Bhuron, AMOS, 42 yrs., FEMALE, Chinese.....  
PLACE OF BIRTH..... HONG KONG..... DATE..... 22/11/70.....  
RELATIONSHIP..... Loo Ingrie, 41, Domestic Utent, Langata Road, 11009, Nairobi, Kenya.....  
EXAMINER..... Assistant Superintendent, Dr. G. H. Houldsworth, LVR, FRCR, etc.....

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: The body is that of a female of Chinese descent, measuring 5'1" and was fully clothed.  
Clothing as follows: Green and white blouse, black jeans all blood stained; and white underwear. There was a pad on the mons pubis and vulva and this had menstrual blood, a sign that deceased was menstruating.

- (1) There was a lacerated wound on the neck measuring 14 c.m.s. It began on the (L) side 3c.m. behind the lobe of the (L) ear and ran downwards, forwards and across the neck to end 1 c.m. beyond the mid point of the neck on the (R).
- (2) Abrasion on the (R) middle finger (dorsum).
- (3) Contusions 2 in number on the postero-lateral aspect of the (R) arm measuring 3 c.m.s. and 2c.m.s. respectively and lying 5c.m.s. and 7c.m.s. from the elbow joint.
- (4) Three small contusions in the (L) arm pit.
- (5) Contusion on (L) thigh mid position anterior aspect.
- (6) Three contusion just below the inguinal ligament on the (L) side.
- (7) Contusion on left leg lateral aspect 9 c.m.s. below the knee joint.
- (8) Widespread contusion on back (upper aspect).

MUSCULAR EXAMINATION:

MUSCLES Normal in appearance.

ARTERIES & VENOUS: Congested with blood-stained mucus in lumen.

LIVER: Widespread subpleural haemorrhages both sides.

HEART: Normal in appearance and size. Coronary vessels patent.

RESPIRATORY CAVITY:

LUNGS: Pale.

KIDNEYS: Pale.

BLADDER: Pale.

INTESTINES AND STOMACH: Normal appearances.

BRAIN AND NECK:

BRAIN: No fractures seen.

NECK: Normal in appearance.

NECK: The carotid arteries were severed on the (L) side. The jugular veins were severed on the (L) side internal and external. There were fractures (linear) of the bodies of the 4th and 5th Cervical Vertebrae. The (L) aspect of Thyroid cartilage was fracture, fracture line running diagonally and the 1st ring of the trachea was severed. The sternomastoid and the deeper muscles of the neck were severed.

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CAUSE OF DEATH: HAEMORRHAGE, SHOCK AND ASPIXIATION  
FOLLOWING; MULTIPLE INJURIES:  
(1) SEVERED CAROTID ARTERIES.  
(2) SEVERED JUGULAR VEINS.  
(3) FRACTURE OF THYROID CARTILAGE AND SEVERED  
TRACHEA.

.....  
Dr. L. Mootoo,  
L.I.M.R.C.P., L.I.M.R.C.O. (Dublin),  
D.G.C. & D.Obst. (Dublin),  
D.P.H. (Edin.),  
Dipl. Forensic Med. D.P.H. (Vienna),  
Forensic Path. Govt. of Guyana.

P.M. No. 736/8

Ltd. No. 11410.....AGE.....22 yrs.....SEX. Female.....RACE.....Caribian.....  
P.H.C. Mortuary.....DATE.....22/11/78.....TIME.....12.00 noon.....  
11. Domicile.....41 Diamond Street, Linden, Guyana // 1059 County Road, East Moline, Ill.  
12. Employment.....O.I.D Headquarters, New Jersey.....

The body is that of a female of Caucasian descent, measuring 5'6". She was fully clothed.

Clothing as follows:- Dark green pants, red and black blouse, white undershirt - all blood stained. Plastic ring on (L) hand 3rd finger.

- (1) Lacerated wound of (L) side of neck beginning 5 cms below (L) ear and extending downwards and forwards across the neck, to the (R) side of the neck, measuring 14 cm.
- (2) On the (L) upper end of the wound there were two (2) linear abrasion 2 cms each in length.
- (3) At the (R) lower end of the wound and continuous with it, there were elevations in pattern the half of ribbon bow 2 cms. 1.50 ms respectively.
- (4) Contusion on (L) ear just below the patella (L) knee.
- (5) Contusion on the (R) leg 6 cms below knee joint.
- (6) Multiple contusion on upper part of back.

Empty and intact.

Trachea severed at the first ring.

Bronchi contain blood clots in lumen.

Widely spread aspiration hemorrhages present. (L) and (R) pleura

adherent to the pericardium.

Pericardium tightly adherent to the heart in many areas. Evidence of past pericarditis. Coronary vessels patent. Myocardium very pale.

Fractures

None.

Pulse

None.

ABDOMEN AND INTESTINES Normal appearances.

No fractures seen.

Normal appearances.

(1) Severed carotid arteries (L) side.

(2) Severed Jugular veins.

(3) There was a linear fracture of the 5th Cervical Vertebra.

There was a fracture of the thyroid Cartilage.

The trachea was severed at its first ring.

CAUSE OF DEATH: HEMORRHAGE AND SHOCK AND ASPHYXIA FOLLOWING MULTIPLE INJURIES.

- (1) SEVERED CAROTID ARTERIES (L).
- (2) SEVERED JUGULAR VENAE THROMBOLYSIS AND INTERNAL.
- (3) FRACTURE OF THYROID CARTILAGE.
- (4) SEVERED TRACHEA AT THE FIRST RING.

Dr. L. Bootoo,  
L.I.M.R.C.P; L.I.M.R.C.S (Diploma),  
D.G.O., D.O.L.T. (Diploma),  
D.P.H. (Diploma),  
Dipl. Forensic Med. D.V.M. (Vetinary),  
Forensic Path. Govt. of Guyana.

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1. The body is that of a healthy black female, fully clothed and

in good

condition of nutrition, thin waist and wide hips of about 90 cm.

2. The head is the same size as the level of the base of the (n) nose and  
the (l) clavicles in the chest. The height of the neck is a third longer than  
the (n) clavicles in the chest, and the width of the chest, the (l) clavicles in  
the chest is about 2 cm. All vertebral 12 vertebrae in the spine  
are visible in the back and between the lobes of the ovaries.

3. The heart is the size of the right lung with the size of the right  
lung, 10.5 cm and 2 cm and slightly smaller than the size of the  
right lung. The heart has been situated in front above the (n) clavicles

4. In the neck, the carotid w. 11 had a length equal 2.6 cm long.

5. The lungs have been at the right side of 16.5 cm from below the  
right shoulder. The lower part of the trachea and bronchi had blood clot  
in the lungs.

6. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

7. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

8. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

9. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

10. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

11. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

12. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

13. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

14. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

15. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

16. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

17. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

18. The heart, liver and kidneys have both lungs.

(1) L.V. and R. A. A. ARTERIES (l).

(2) L.V. and R. A. V. E. (l).

(3) L.V. and R. A. A. L. L. L. L. (l).

*C. P. 10.7.63*  
1. L.V. and R. A. A. (l).  
2. L.V. and R. A. V. E. (l).  
3. L.V. and R. A. A. L. L. L. (l).  
4. L.V. and R. A. A. (l).  
5. L.V. and R. A. V. E. (l).  
6. L.V. and R. A. A. L. L. L. (l).

CENTRAL MEDICAL EXAMINATOR

2, M. Hu., 7/7/1970.....

Mr. John Amos 11 yrs. Female 11 and  
PLACE OF P.M. EXAMINATION: HYG. Mortuary, DATE: 22/11/70 TIME: 11.30 hrs.  
TO: Mr. J. G. Ingraham, 41 Boundary Street, Georgetown, Guyana. (41952.9) 11.30 hrs.  
WITH: Superintendent Superintendent, Dr. G. D. Headly, M.R.C.P., F.R.C.S.

APPEARANCE: The body is that of a female of mixed descent, measuring 4' 5" and was fully clothed. The clothing was as follows - Brown hair of punts; Red vest and white neck, white underwear. Punts and vest blood stained.

- (1) There was a lacerated wound on the neck measuring 15 cm. One end of the wound was at the level of the lobe of (R) ear. Wound moved downward, forwards and round. The other end of wound was 6 cm. below the (L) ear, on the sternomastoid muscle.
- (2) Lacerated wound on the (L) little finger 1 cm. long on the palmar aspect.
- (3) Abrasion on the lateral aspect of the (R) knee joint.

INTERNAL EXAMINATIONS:

HYPOTHALAMUS: Normal appearance - empty.

THYROID & BRONCHI: congested and presence of small blood clots in lumen.

LUNGS: Widespread subpleural haemorrhages.

HEART: Normal appearance, no congenital defects; Coronary vessels patent.

ABDOMINAL CAVITY:

LIVER: Pale in appearance.

KIDNEYS: Pale in appearance.

BLADDER: Pale in appearance.

STOMACH AND INTESTINES: Normal appearance.

BONE AND MUSCLE:

BONES: No fracture.

MUSCLES: Normal appearance.

NECK: (1) There was a linear fracture of the 5th Cervical Vertebra on the body.

(2) The Common Carotid was severed.

(3) The jugular veins were severed.

(4) The Thyroid cartilage was fractured and the 1st ring of the trachea was fractured.

CAUSE OF DEATH: HAEMORRHAGE, SHOCK AND ASPHYXIA DUE TO MULTIPLE INJURIES.

- (1) SEVERED CAROTID ARTERY.
- (2) SEVERED JUGULAR VEINS.
- (3) FRACTURE OF THYROID CARTILAGE AND SEVERED TRACHEA AT ITS FIRST RING.

Dr. L. Meotoo,  
L.I.M., B.C.P., L.L.B.B.S (Dublin),  
D.G.O., D.O.B.S. (Dublin),  
D.P.H. (Edin.),  
Dipl. Forensic Med. D.P.M. (Vienna),  
Forensic Path. Govt. of Guyana.

NAMING.....AGE: 53 yrs.....MALE RACE: CAUCASIAN  
PLACE OF F.M.A. EXAMINATION: PM Mortuary.....DATE: 10/11/78.....TIME: 9:10 AM  
DID: 10/11/78.....TIME: Not known.....PLACE: Port of Georgetown.....W.C.I. LIST  
IDENTIFICATION: James T. Schollaert, Esq. U.S. Embassy, Georgetown, Guyana  
WITNESSES: Assistant Superintendent, Law, O.T.D., Headquarters

EXTERNAL EXAMINATION: The body is that of a male of Caucasian descent  
measuring 6ft. 2 ins. It was fully clothed.

- (1) Long sleeved shirt (light-green).
- (2) Blue striped pants held in position by a buckle.
- (3) Brown pair of shoes.
- (4) Pair of socks.

The shirt, pants and shoes were blood-stained. There were tears of varying diameters in the pants (3) in the (R) buttock and (2) in the (L) buttock; in front of pants 6 cmn. tear on (L) groin area. The pockets (2) in back on the pants were turned inside out.

- (1) In the (L) front pocket there was an electioneering pin of Congressman Lee Ryan.

The body was identified by:-

James T. Schollaert Esq. of the U.S. Embassy in Georgetown, Guyana.

EXTERNAL EXAMINATION:

- /breath
- (1) Perforated wound (L) groin  $2\frac{1}{2}$  c.m.s. elliptical in outline and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  c.m.s. wide at its greatest/running downwards in line with the (L) inguinal ligament and parallel to it.
  - (2) Above wound (1) was another perforated wound 10 c.m. x  $\frac{1}{2}$  c.m. above wound (1)
  - (3) Linear contusion 2 c.m.s. above wound No. 2 running across abdomen for 6 c.m.s.
  - (4) Twelve c.m.s. above wound No. 3, perforated wound 20 c.m.s. by 1 c.m.s. with contusion parallel to upper and lower ellipses. Wound is on the (L) lower aspect of the abdomen 10 c.m.s. lateral to umbilicus.
  - (5) There was a raised area under the skin at the (L) subcostal area 15 c.m.s. above wound No. 4. Incision revealed a metal object (deformed bullet).
  - (6) Perforated wound on (L) chest 6 c.m.s. above (L) nipple round 20 mm x 1 c.m.s.
  - (7) There was a raised area under skin parallel with wound number (6), 50 c.m.s. from mid sternum metal object removed (deformed bullet).
  - (8) Perforating wound. (L) upper limb medial aspect 30 c.m.s. by  $1\frac{1}{2}$  c.m.s. x 6 c.m.s. below axilla. Contusions around wound with 2 parallel cuts in the skin above and below the perforating wound  $1\frac{1}{2}$  c.m.s. one above 2 c.m.s. the one below.
  - (9) Two perforating wounds on the (R) aspect of the neck 0.9 c.m. diameter each, the lower one 130 c.m.s. from tip of (R) ear the upper one 110 c.m.s. from tip of (R) ear.
  - (10) Massive lacerated wound (R) side of neck 60 c.m.s. Muscles of neck exposed long upper end of wound  $2\frac{1}{2}$  c.m.s. from tip of ear (R) muscle to wound irregular abrasion extending from neck to chin of jaw. Under angle of jaw perforating wound 30 c.m.s. by  $1\frac{1}{2}$  c.m.s., bone of jaw exposed.
  - (11) (L) lateral aspect of shoulder perforating wound 30 c.m.s. by 2 c.m.s. bony fragments at orifice - wound in 30 c.m.s. from root of spine.
  - (12) On the (L) neck posterior lateral aspect perforating wound 40 c.m.s. by 20 c.m.s. bony fragment protruding from wound. Wound in 20 c.m.s. from

tip of (L) ear.

- (13) neck of (L) ear perforating wound 30.mms. by 20.mms. The *Dentatus* attachment of the ear was detached.
- (14) (L) aspect of parieto-occipital region of skull, compound comminuted fracture excavating cavity with herniation and protrusion of brain. In substance blood-stained coagulation clot.
- (15) minute wound mid position of (L) thigh posterior aspect 21 c.mms. from popliteal fossa.
- (16) perforating wound 20.mms. by 10.mms. on fold of (R) buttocks.
- (17) 12 punctured wounds of varying sizes, both buttocks.
- (18) (R) loin two areas of contusion.
- (19) contusion of (R) scutum.
- (20) bilateral ecchymosis with bilateral subconjunctival haemorrhages.
- (21) perforating wound (R) posterior lateral aspect of arm in line with shoulder joint wound 10.mms. diastema.
- (22) on the (R) thigh 8 c.mms. below the inguinal ligament two parallel linear contusions 50.mms. and 20.mms. in length each and 1½ c.mms. from each other.

VISUAL INSPECTION

SKIN: Some amount of congestion upper <sup>1</sup> with large amount of submucous haemorrhage between thyroid cartilage and hyoid bone.

MOUTH & PHARYNX: Congestion in upper aspect with blood-stained froth in bronchi.

THORACIC CAVITY

LUNGS: (R) was adherent to the pericardium and there were some pleural reaction at base. Small puncture wound in lower lobe.  
(L) lung perforation of the basal lobe bony fragments in substance of (L) lung.

HEART: Some increase of epicardial fat - normal in size. Myocardial normal; Coronary vessels patent and normal. Arch of aorta normal in appearance.

The chest cavity contained 125 ml. of blood on the (R) side and 200 ml. on the (L) side. Fracture of the 2nd and 3rd ribs on the (L) side.

STOMACH: signs of gastritis (putchy) rugae normal - stomach empty except for mucus.

INTESTINES: Some petechial subepithelial haemorrhage otherwise pale in appearance.

URETHRA: No gall stones.

PANCREAS: Normal appearances.

KIDNEYS: Normal appearances except slight increase of hilar fat.

BLADDER: Filled with urine straw coloured.

BLADDER: Normal appearances.

TESTICLES: Normal.

SKULL: Small pieces of the skull on the left side were missing, in the parietal and occipital areas. There was a compound comminuted fracture of the vault extending from the (L) fronto-parieto-region and extending upwards and backwards into the parietal and occipital region and involving the basis of the (R) aspect of the vault. The bones of the basis were also fractured in a comminuted manner - all the bones of the anterior, middle and posterior cranial fossae bilateral - fracture lines extending in all directions.

... by the cerebellum was in the skull all the cerebra had ...  
...  
Cerebellum shows some contusion.

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CAUSE OF DEATH: SHOCK AND HAEMORRHAGE FOLLOWING MULTIPLE  
GUN SHOT INJURIES.

- (1) COMPOUND COMMINUTED FRACTURE OF THE SKULL WITH  
LACERATION AND HAEMORRHAGE OF THE BRAIN.  
(2) PUNCTURE OF BOTH LUNGS WITH BILATERAL HAEMOTHORAX.

.....  
Dr. L. Hooton,  
L.M.R.C.P; L.M.R.C.O. (London),  
D.G.O; D. Obst. (Dublin),  
D.P.H. (Edin.),  
Dipl. Forensic Med. D.T.M. (Vienna),  
Forensic Path. Govt. of Guyana.

(W)

CENTRAL MEDICAL LABORATORY

P.M.No. 71/61

... 10.00 AM..... 20/11/78  
LAW OF VICTIMISATION PLG, Mortuary Date..... 20/11/78  
10.30 AM..... TIME, 10.30 a.m., PLATE, Port Kaituma, North West District  
DEATH CERTIFICATE, James T. Schollmeyer, c/o U.S. Embassy, Georgetown,  
Assistant Superintendent Lab., C.I.D., Headquarters  
Information.....

DESCRIPTION: The body is that of a male of Caucasian descent, measuring 5' 9". It was fully clothed as follows: Yachting boots (white), brown corduroy pants; pants pocket turned out, brown white jas. The pants had tears at both knee joints.

The following were seen:

- (1) Compound fracture of (L) knee joint.
- (2) Compound fracture of the (R) patella.
- (3) Contusion lateral aspect (L) thigh mid position.
- (4) Multiple small lacerated wounds medial aspect of the (R) knee joint (7 in number).
- (5) Perforating wound in (L) lateral aspect of the chest 14 c.m.s. from axilla and in line with axilla.
- (6) Perforating wound in axilla (L) 7 c.m.s. by 30 c.m.s. muscles exposed.
- (7) Perforating wound medial aspect of (L) arm 40 c.m.s. by 20 c.m.s. around the shoulder joint.
- (8) Perforating wound medial aspect (L) arm 2" by 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ". It lies 7 c.m.s. from shoulder joint.
- (9) Lacerated wound 15 c.m.s. by 4 c.m.s. (L) aspect of the back beginning at the axilla and going downward and backward to end at the inferior angle of the scapula. Muscles and bone exposed.
- (10) Perforating wound (L) popliteal fossa 1 by 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  c.m.s.
- (11) Perforating wound 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  by 0.90 m. postero-lateral aspect (R) shoulder and 4 c.m.s. below shoulder joint.
- (12) Fracture of humerus of (R) shoulder just below head of humerus.

INVESTIGATIONS:

LIVER: Undigested food.

TRACHEA & BRONCHI: Congested in entire length.

RESPIRATORY CAVITY:

LUNG (R) lower lobe macerated.

(L) lower lobe congested.

HEART: The heart is normal in size. Coronary vessels patent. The arch of the aorta shows some atheromatous changes.

ABDOMINAL CAVITY:

LIVER: Post mortem changes had started.

SPLEN: Post mortem changes had started.

STOMACH: Small amount of undigested food present. Mucosa - normal.

INTESTINES: Normal appearances.

EXTRACRANIAL:

SKULL: Subperiosteal haemorrhages present in the (L) parietal region.  
No fracture seen.

CRANIAL: Congested.

Spine: Fracture of the 3rd Cervical Vertebrae with contusion of spinal cord.

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~~CAUSE OF DEATH~~ ... HAD TO ... APPROXIMATE FOLLOWING MULTIPLE  
TRAUMA:

(1) TRAUMA TO THE CRANIUM WITH BILATERAL  
FRONTALFRAX.

(2) COMPOUND COMMINUTED FRACTURE OF SKULL WITH  
LACERATION AND HAEMATOMA IN THE BRAIN.

Dr. J. C. D.  
L.I.M.R.C.P. L. (DUBLIN)  
D.O.B.D. Obs. 1931.  
D.F.R. (Edin.)  
Dipl. Forensic Med., F.R.C.S.  
Forensic Pathologist

(u)

DEATH MEDICAL INVESTIGATION

7.1.74  
S.M.No. ....

NAME: Patricia Parker AGE: 26 Years. PLACE OF DEATH: 210 Northgate DATE: 20/11/74 TIME: 3.30 P.M.  
DEATH: 19/11/74. 10.30 A.M. PLACE: Port Elizabeth, North West, South Africa.  
CAUSE OF DEATH: Death.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: The body is that of a female of Caucasian descent, measuring 5'7". The body was fully clothed as follows:

Hoodie, white undershirt, green pants, blouse of many colours, green, brown, blue. A red jersey was tied around the chest, white underneath.

The following were found:

- (1) Perforating wound on the (R) and (L) lower limbs as follows:  
(i) (R) leg; over the shin mid shaft position; over the lateral aspect of the thigh & in number 2 on the lateral aspect of (L) buttock;
- (ii) Posterior aspect; medial aspect of (R) ankle.
- (2) Perforating wound (L) axilla.
- (3) Perforating wound (L) loine.
- (4) Perforating wound in the sacro-iliac joint. (L).
- (5) Compound comminuted fracture of the skull (L) side, only part of the brain is present.

INTERNAL EXAMINATIONS:

LIVER: Only mucus present.

HEART: Blood stained froth.

BLOOD CAVITY: Blood and blood clots in chest cavity to a volume of 8000.c.c.

LUNGS: Perforation of the (R) lower lobe and (L) lower lobe with collapse.

TRACHEA: Normal in appearance; coronary vessels patent.

ABDOMEN:

STOMACH: Submucosal hemorrhage present.

URETHRA: Contains tiny gall stones.

KIDNEYS: Small cyst (L) kidney on cortical surface.

BLADDER: Liquid contents, mucus normal.

TESTES: Normal.

APPENDIX: Normal, appendix present.

BLADDER: Filled with straw coloured urine.

SKULL:

Skull: Compound comminuted fracture of the skull (L) side. The fracture lines extending upwards and backwards. They begin at the parietal bone and extend to the occipital. Fracture lines extending to the opposite side to involve the (R) parietal and (R) occipital. Fracture lines also extend to involve the base of the skull especially in the middle cranial fossa.

MEDIA: Multiple lacerations; only cerebellum present.

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CAUSE OF DEATH: HEMORRHAGE AND SHOCK FOLLOWING

- (1) PERFORATION OF (R) LUNG WITH HAEMOTOTHORAX.  
(2) FRACTURE OF 3RD CERVICAL VERTEBRA WITH COMPRESSION OF SPINAL CORD.  
(3) FRACTURE OF (R) KNEE JOINT AND (L) PATELLA.

*C. R. M. G.*  
Dr. J. Mootee,  
L.I.M.R.C.P, L.I.M.R.C.S (Dublin),  
D.G.O., D.O.B.E. (Dublin),  
D.P.H. (Edin.),  
Dipl. Forensic Med. D.P.M. (Vienna),  
Forensic Path. Govt. of Guyana.

*(C.W.)*

CENTRAL MEDICAL LABORATORY

P.M. No. 730/14

NAME..... Bob Brown AGE ? SEX Male RACE Caucasian  
PLACE OF EXAMINATION PHO Mortuary DATE 20/11/78 TIME 11.00 a.m.  
DEATH 20/11/78 TIME 4.30 p.m. PLACE: Port Kaituma, North West District  
IDENTIFICATION: Jataq, T. Schellhardt, 69, V. Basta, Georgetown,  
WITHNESS: Assistant Superintendent Law, C.I.D., Headquarters.....

EXTERNAL EXAMINATION The body is that of a Caucasian descent, measuring 5 ft. 2 ins. fully dressed in long top boots, khaki Suit, pants held up by a leather belt with pouch. The left top pocket of the Suit had a "Bianca" breath spray and red plastic band. On the right little finger there was a deformed gold ring the stone was missing. When the body was undressed there was a bony fragment on the pubic region; deceased was circumcised. There was also a birth mark on the (L) lower abdomen.

The following were seen:-

- (1) On the (R) side of the chest perforating wound 1.5 c.m.s. by 1 c.m. elliptical 6 c.m.s. below the (R) collar bone. (Clavicle).
- (2) Perforating wound (L) upper limb lateral aspect 20 c.m.s. x 1½ c.m.s. It is 8 c.m.s. from the top of the (L) shoulder - one deformed bullet removed.
- (3) Perforating wound angle of (L) jaw 6 c.m.s. from tip of (L) ear and 10 c.m.s. above root of neck.
- (4) Lacerated wound 40 c.m.s. long running diagonally across nose.
- (5) Abrasion point of chin - circular.
- (6) Laceration at junction of eye brow 2 c.m.s. long.
- (7) Healed scar in abdomen (appendix scar).

INTERNAL EXAMINATION:

DIAPHRAGM: Empty.

TRACHEA & BRONCHI: Blood stained mucus in lumen of Bronchi.

THORACIC CAVITY: Blood and blood clots in thoracic cavity to a volume of 600 ml's.

LUNGS: Perforation of (R) upper and lower lobes in two places.

Perforation of left lung lower lobe.

Collapse of both lungs.

HEART: Normal size; Coronary vessels patent. Myocardium firm and normal, some atheromatous changes in arch aorta, one small plaque present.

ABDOMINAL CAVITY:

LIVER: Congested.

GALL BLADDER: No gall stones.

STOMACH: Empty. Some gastritis.

SMALL INTESTINE: Normal, appendix absent.

BIGINN: Normal in appearance.

KIDNEYS: Normal in appearance.

PANCREAS: Normal in appearance.

SKULL:

Skull: Compound comminuted fracture of the (L) side of the skull beginning at the temporal bone extending upwards and backwards to the occipital bone. Fracture lines running in all directions on the (L) side and extending into the (R) side. Bits of the parietal bones were missing. The base of the skull was fracture in the anterior, middle and posterior cranial fossae on both (R) and (L) sides.

BRAINS: Multiple lacerations with protrusion of contents of cranium.

CAUSE OF DEATH: HAEMORRHAGE AND SHOCK FOLLOWING MULTIPLE INJURIES:

- (1) PERFORATION OF THE LUNGS WITH DILATERAL HEMITHORAX.
- (2) COMPOUND COMMINUTED FRACTURE OF SKULL WITH LACERATION AND HERNIATION OF THE BRAIN.

*G. L. Mootoo*  
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Dr. L. Mootoo,  
L.I.M.R.C.P; L.I.M.R.C.S (Dublin),  
D.G.O.; D.O.B.E. (Dublin),  
D.P.H. (Edin.),  
Dipl. Forensic Med. D.F.M. (Vienna),  
Forensic Path. Govt. of Guyana.

CENTRAL MEDICAL LABORATORY

P.M. No., 721/70.....

NAME: Don Harris AGE: ? SEX: Male, Caucasian  
PLACE OF P.M. EXAMINATION: P.M.O. Mortuary DATE: 20/11/70 TIME: 11.50 A.M.  
TIME: 20/11/70 BURIED: 4.30 P.M. PORT KAITUMA, North Coast District  
IDENTIFICATION: James F. Schollmeyer, c/o U.S. Embassy, Georgetown  
DEATH: 1970-11-19 09:00 HRS. APPROXIMATELY. L.T.D. 09/11/70

ANTEMORTAL INJURIES: The body is that of a male of Caucasian descent, measuring 6' 4". It was fully clothed as follows:

Long top boots. Blue denim suit. The pants pocket of which were turned inside out. There was a gold ring in the (L) ring finger. The shirt had 2 bullet holes at the (R) shoulder.

The following were seen:

- (1) Two perforating wounds 1/2 c.m. by 1 c.m. each 3 c.m. distance from each other on the (R) shoulder joint - shoulder joint was dislocated.
- (2) Contusion of (R) chest lateral aspect in line with axillary fold.
- (3) Contusion of anterior part of neck (R) side.
- (4) Perforating wound Posterior aspect of (L) shoulder joint 3c.m. by 2 c.m.s.
- (5) Irregular perforated wound on (L) aspect of chin. There is a bony fragment on orifice of wound. In depth of wound the mandible was fractured.
- (6) Perforating wound 2 c.m.s. by 2 c.m.s. It lies 9 c.m.s. from the chin in the root of the neck.
- (7) Incorreated wound lower lip 1 c.m. The wound communicated with the cavity of the mouth.
- (8) Bilateral ecchymosis with subconjunctival haemorrhage.
- (9) Multiple small wounds in skin on forehead and face of varying sizes. The largest one 1 1/2 c.m. at junction of nasal bone and forehead.
- (10) Perforating wound (L) loin 3c.m.s. by 20c.m.s. It lies 30c.m.s. below the rib cage.

IMMEDIATE EXAMINATIONS:

OROPHARYNX: This shows some congestion at the lower end.

TRACHEA & BRONCHI: Congestion in entire length with some tarry black material in lumen.

PACIFIC CAVITY:

(R) lung - multiple laceration with fragmentation of (R) lung substance. Bits of bone impregnated in lung substance.  
(L) lung - Massive perforation of the lower lobe with fragmentation of lung. Bits of bone in lung substance. The left lung was adherent to the chest cavity.

(L) Perforation of upper surface of the pericardium. There were some areas of epicardial fat. Subendocardial areas show some haemorrhages. The myocardium showed some fibrosis. The coronary arteries were patent and had early atherosomatous changes especially the posterior branch.  
A bullet was removed from the (L) chest cavity. The (R) and (L) lung had blood and blood clots to a volume of 500ml. There were areas of the (R) rib cage, 2nd to 6th ribs.

ABDOMINAL CAVITY:

SIGMACH: Perforation in the fundus both sides.

LIVER: There was a perforation in liver, at the (R) side.

PANCREAS: Haemorrhages present in substance of pancreas.

KIDNEYS: The (L) kidney was ruptured at its lower pole.

SPLEEN: NORMAL.

- 2 -

INTESTINES: There was a rupture of the mesentery of the intestines and the descending colon was torn.

HEAD AND NECK:

SKULL: No fracture seen.

BRAIN: Normal in appearance.

CAUSE OF DEATH: HAEMORRHAGE AND SHOCK FOLLOWING MULTIPLE INJURIES.

- (1) PERFORATION OF PERICARDIUM OF HEART.
- (2) PERFORATIONS OF BOTH LUNGS WITH HAMOTHORAX.
- (3) RUPTURE OF LIVER, KIDNEYS, DESCENDING COLON AND STOMACH.

*R. Herbie O'Boyle*  
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Dr. E. Haoteo,  
L.I.M.R.C.P; L.I.M.R.S (Dublin),  
D.G.O., D. Obst. (Dublin),  
D.P.H. (Edin.),  
Dipl. Forensic Med.D.P.H. (Vienna),  
Forensic Path. Govt. of Guyana.

(W)

"WAR ON WASTE"

Criminal Investigation Department,  
SAC, Newark.

December 4, 1970.

Assistant Commissioner "Crime":

Allied Murders committed on Linda, Marion Ames aged  
42 years, Louise Harris aged 22 years, Christa Ames  
aged 11 years and Martin Ames aged 9 years at 41  
Dennis Street, Campbellville, Georgetown  
on 10th November 1970.

I have to report the results of my investigations carried out on the  
above-mentioned subject.

At 9.10 p.m. on Saturday 10th November, 1970, acting on information  
received a party of policemen under Detective Assistant Superintendent has  
arrived at 41 Dennis Street, Linda Gardens, which is the Headquarters of the  
People's Temple of Christ(Church) and which has its head-  
quarters in San Francisco, United States of America.

The building is a two storied concrete structure situated on the  
northern side of Dennis Street and the entire yard is fenced with a four  
foot concrete wall. The building in question is bounded on the north by  
yard and trench which runs parallel to this road; to the east there is  
an open plot of land; to the south there are two houses about (60) sixty  
yards away, and to the west there is another open plot of land followed  
by two houses.

The entry to this Headquarters is through a gate situated on the  
exterior fence. There are two steps to the entrance; one on the exterior  
gate which takes you to the porch and into the hall of the top flat while  
the other is run from the kitchen door on the north(but flat) downwards to the  
exterior. On the bottom flat can be found a garage which faces the road.  
Within the garage to the east is an office which is also used as a radio  
room and entry to this office. On radio room is by way of a southern door.  
There are three other rooms situated on the said bottom flat in which the  
people dwell.

Adjacent to the hall on the top-flat is the dining room and kitchen  
in the unit. The living quarters on the upper flat is separated from the  
dining room and kitchen by way of a wall and within this wall is a door which leads  
in into a passageway down to the left on southern room. There is also a  
porch which leads to this last or southern room. To the west of this  
passageway are two rooms used by the inmates one of which is used as a central  
entrance. To the west of this passageway remain: from north to south are  
(i) a cupboard, (ii) a room and (iii) a bathroom.

The southern room is self-contained wih bathroom, toilet, and wash  
basin and has one large bed situated immediately behind the door giving entry  
to same. Opposite to this bed is the west in the bathroom which has a door  
which opens directly in a west direction. The distance between the bed  
and the door is about five feet. There are also in this bedroom two  
other doors leading to the eastern wall.

In respect of the room, the police force searched of Linda, Christa  
(11), Louise Harris, Christa and Martin / one floor; on the floor of the bath-  
room a pool of blood. The bodies were examined by Detective Assistant  
Superintendent who found all the persons mentioned above deceased all  
of whom were found near to Linda, Christa and Martin taken by Ambulance  
to the hospital in which they were found, and the bodies were later  
taken to the funeral parlour that is on the site.

In the house which occupied a room on the ground floor along with her son Martin and daughter Sharen Gammone. It was reported that the house was checked that evening and they found no evidence (4). On the said evening statements were taken from the wife of the deceased and no one did not namely any valuable information as to who got their deaths. It would be appropriate to mention here that the informant Stephanie Jones aged 9 years told the police that she had been beaten by Sharon Ares along with her three children and that when Sharon killed Martin and Charlotte Anne with a knife. She also said that before she went to cut her, Stephanie's throat when the bath-mirror was broken and she was pulled out by Calvin Douglass, leaving Sharon alone with the three children sitting in the bathroom. She was thrown on the bed by Douglass and later taken to the Medical Centre for treatment. She had a laceration on her throat about four(4) inches.

Calvin Douglass in his statement said he had heard children crying when he flew the bathroom door open he saw Sharon in the act of cutting Stephanie's throat and he immediately pulled her away from Sharon and at the same time he picked up a knife which was on the bathroom floor and after thereby took step on the head, he ran down the passage and towards the kitchen where he found the knife which had blood staining in the kitchen sink. He also said that when he returned to bathroom he saw the dead bodies of Sharon and Liane. It could be mentioned that Douglass had said that on entering the bathroom he had seen a dead body of Charlotte lying on the bath-tub floor with a gaping wound on her neck.

In the said evening statement was also taken from Charles Edward Peltier aged 25 years, and 43 years(ounces). He denied any knowledge of the crime it stated that Sharon had passed him in the passage way with her two children, Liane and Martin heading for the southern or back-room. Immediately he turned left and went to the bathroom door of the southern room which was closed. He did not speak to her on the way in the bathroom informing her that he was not going to the place anymore and he heard Sharon replied "Okay". He then left and proceeded to the hall and shortly after he heard someone saying that Sharon had killed herself and three children.

It could be mentioned that at this point in time information provided by the occupants of the house gave the impression that Sharon had killed herself of three children and that she also wanted to kill Stephanie Jones. A visit to her ex-husband Sherrin Harris(Liane's father) on the said day(afternoon) had also been apprehensive. Harris had arrived in the country the previous day with a group that accompanied the late Senatorial candidate of a member of a group P.D.P. themselves "Concerned relatives" investigated the allegations of their son being held against their will at Juba, North West District by Dr. John, leader of the People's Party of the Republic of the Sudan (Uganda). On 2nd day 19th November, 1970, at about 6:00 p.m., Harris had dined with his sister Liane and Sharon's two children Martin and Charlotte Anne and departed to the Phoenix Hotel shortly afterwards in a taxi. Norton went to make sure that he persuaded Liane to return with him to the United States and Liane had told him that she was happy to remain in Uganda.

Shortly after Harris's departure, the Supt. at Operations Room, British received a report about gun-shot-fire at 41 Morris Street. As a result of this info. 3 Police Constables # 9665, 9747, 9747, 9748 were sent to the 41st City Police Station to investigate the incident over 1st floor duty station. On arrival they spoke to Mrs. Jones who informed them that there was much incidents. The police called 4 Sir Thomas Lord and Sharon Anne the to the radio room among the radio sets, hurriedly run upstairs by way of the main front steps. According to P.C. Jones he proceeded to the upper flat on the central step to investigate but when he reached the porch he saw several people sitting in the hall and it appeared to him everything was alright so he and another who had left with the other policemen for the station.

At 9:00 p.m., that evening Detective A.C.P. Jon who was deputed to conduct the alleged gun fire was at City Police Station when P.C. Jones and another policeman returned. Shortly afterwards on instructions of the Assistant Commissioner "Crime" who had normally received a telephone call from

10. On being a member of the People's Temple that four bodies were lying dead at the residence of the People's Temple Headquarters at 41 Dennis Street, Peoples Temple. He informed Detective Leslie Lee and the Headquarters was searched by the Police.

11. The allegations commenced at 11 o'clock throughout this evening and the details were obtained from all forty-four(44) occupants and the results cannot have been reported in the preceding paragraphs of this report. The bodies of the deceased persons which were identified by Lee Ingram and Captain Josephine Webster Assistant Superintendant of Police here. The bodies were conveyed to Lytton's funeral parlour later this very evening.

12. On Wednesday 22nd November, 1978, at 11.30 a.m., Dr. Berlise Hooton, Pathologist and Government Medical Officer performed post mortem examinations on the bodies of Linda Sharon Aros, Mavis Morris, Charlotte and Martin Aros at Lytton's Hospital Mortuary after the bodies were identified by Lee Ingram and Captain Josephine Webster Assistant Superintendant of Police here. The bodies were later transported over to officials of U.S. Embassy and left again with an aircraft for Canada.

13. On Thursday 23rd November, 1978, Stephenie Jones, aged 9 years, was partly fatigued by the Police at Calais Headquarters, 260 Henry in the presence of their uncle Stephenie Jones who is 19 years old, and she made another statement in her uncle's presence. In this statement she said that she was lying on the bed in the southern room when the deceased Sharon Aros came out of the bathroom and pulled her in the nearby bathroom and closed the door. In the bathroom were the accused Charles Edward Bellamy, Linda Morris, Martin and Charlotte Aros. They were all alive. She said she saw Martin picked a big knife from the sink, and Bellamy held Charlotte and pulled her head backwards. Sharon then cut Charlotte's throat who fell on the bathroom floor bleeding. Bellamy then grabbed her by her neck and pulled her head backwards and Sharon used the said knife to cut Martin's throat. He also fell on the floor bleeding. She said she was screaming and tried to open the bathroom door but Bellamy was dragging her hair to keep it shut thus prevented her from doing so. She further said that Sharon told Bellamy to "Get her" and Bellamy grabbed her by her neck and pulled her head backwards. Bellamy then took up a smaller knife which was on the sink and started to rub it on her throat cutting it. At this stage, Stephenie went on to say that the bathroom door was burnt open and she was left outside the bathroom by Calvin Douglas and flew; on the bed. The wound on her throat was dressed by Verona Lee Pockin Connors in the Medical Centre.

14. Since Stephenie Jones had told two diametrically opposite stories of her instant investigation was carried out with a view to corroborating every bit of her evidence and this was done with great measure of success. It should however be noted that the persons from whom the evidence was obtained had given statements to the Police on the evening of Saturday 18th November, 1978, and their statements corroborated at that time. Stephenie Jones' explanation when she approached my who had stated in her first statement that it was Sharon Aros who cut her throat and that she had seen no mention of this incident in the bathroom, said she knew the accused did not want to hurt her, no one did not want to get him in trouble. This explanation is not unanimous.

15. Calvin Douglas in his further statement said when he heard screaming which came from the bathroom he tried to push the door open and felt as if someone was breaking it from inside. The door cracked because he pushed it rather than the door handle Jones standing by the shower area. The shower was still running with blood stained knife on the floor. He also saw Charlotte Aros on the floor. Just before he held Charlotte he had picked up the knife and when he took her into the door closed back. He said he took the knife and placed it in the kitchen sink and returned immediately to the bathroom and found both Sharon and Martin lying. At this stage he did not see the accused and his explanation why he did not tell the Police this in his first statement was because the accused is his relative and it would have put someone in trouble whom he loved as a member of the People's Temple.

19. Card Burnett stated in his further statement that when he heard of it he ran and his kids were dead he went upstairs and saw the window glass hit on his right hand and he contacted his committee by way of the back steps of the accused and off.

Mr. Jack Purcell supplied information that he had seen the blood stains but he in the kitchen area that morning after the bodies were found.

Mr. Evidence was also interviewed from Dennis J. Jones and Dennis DeGrazia who heard children crying in the bathroom. Stephen Jones had told Dennis DeGrazia who had contact later to the medical officer that he intended to kill her. I do not feel that out of plain desire told DeGrazia to do within the suggested rules.

20. The accused Charles Polley, a member of G.I.D. Headquarters, on Friday 2nd November, 1970, was arrested by Detective Assistant Inspector Ade J. Jones at 5:00 p.m., who told him that the police were in receipt of information that he was concerned with the alleged murder of Sharon and Martin Ross and also with Dennis DeGrazia and the attempted murder on Stephen Jones. On Saturday 3rd November, 1970, he was called in for the purpose of Stephen Jones and elected to make a statement which was taken down in writing by Stephen Jones at his request. The statement is as follows:

21. The accused was charged with the murders of Sharon Linda Ross, Martin Ross, Dennis DeGrazia and Attempt Murder on Stephen Jones. He appeared before the Lieutenant of the Criminal Preliminary Court on 3rd November, 1970, and the date was postponed to Friday 4th December, 1970, and following days for trial.

GM

.....Eustace Lam... 2/10.....