

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 12/14/78

Assistant Police Commissioner, CECIL A. ROBERTS, Guyana National Police (GNP), furnished the attached police report dated December 9, 1978, concerning police investigation of the murders of LEO J. RYAN, DON HARRIS, BOB BROWN, GREG ROBINSON and PATRICIA PARKS at Port Kaituma airstrip on November 18, 1978.

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Interviewed on 12/14/78 at Georgetown, Guyana File No. CAR 89-4  
RJO  
ROBERT J. OGLESBY JR. and  
SAs [redacted] EDO/mdh Date 12/14/78

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Eve Henry.

December 9, 1970.

Assistant Commissioner "Crime",

A Report on (1) Murder of Leo Ryan, Don Harris, Bob Brown,  
Greg Robinson and Patricia Parks; (2) Attempted Murder on  
Monica Begley, Verne Gosney and Dale Parks and Mass Suicide  
at Jonestown.

I refer to the above subject and submit the following report:

2. The deceased - Leo Ryan, aged 53 years was a United States Congressman. Don Harris aged 42 years and Bob Brown aged 36 years were reporters attached to the National Broadcasting Corporation; Greg Robinson aged 27 years was a reporter with the San Francisco Examiner Newspaper. Patricia Parks aged 19 years was a member of the Peoples Temple at Jonestown. They were all American citizens.

3. The injured - Monica Begley, Verne Gosney and Dale Parks are members of the Peoples Temple at Jonestown, Jacqueline Spiers is the Congressional Secretary. The accused, Laury John Layton aged 32 years is also a member of the Peoples Temple at Jonestown. They are also American Citizens.

4. The Peoples Temple is a Religious Organization founded about 1960 in the United States of America by Rev. Jim Jones known as Jim Jones, a 47 year old American Indian. He is married and has a son named David Jones aged 19 years. He also has a number of adopted sons who have been living with him since childhood. The Peoples Temple was originally based in Indiana, but moved shortly afterwards to California, where it functioned as an International Religious Community in the struggle against the evils of racism, hunger and injustice. The members indulged in communal living and followed the doctrine of handing over all their money and valuable possessions to the Temple upon obtaining membership. Prior to the introduction of the Peoples Temple, Jim Jones who allegedly holds a master's degree in Psychology was known to have been involved in the struggle for Equal Rights for all races, particularly Negroes and the poor in the United States of America and had also done faith healing. He exerted an over-powering influence upon his followers- most of whom feared and obeyed him without question. It is rumoured that he often referred to himself as 'God' - the Resurrection of Christ. His followers called him 'Dad' and called his wife 'Mother'.

5. During the month of October 1974, Jim Jones having acquired a large area of 1,000 acres of land in the North West District brought some of his followers to Guyana and started the Peoples Temple Agricultural Project which is now at Jonestown. Within a relatively short period the Project made rapid strides in terms of Production and Productivity. The number of settlers also increased in a similar manner over the years with new members travelling from U.S.A. to Guyana at the invitation of relatives already at Jonestown and mainly by Jim Jones who, by publishing attractive brochures and making exciting press releases, sold the idea that happy conditions existed at Jonestown which he often referred to as the 'Promised Land'. Little was however known of the many undesirable rules which members worked or lived or existed because of the strict rules for which Jim Jones imposed upon the community by Jim Jones.

6. On repeated occasions in the U.S.A. and in Guyana Jim Jones informed his followers that they must be prepared to commit revolutionary activities if required. He pledged to the Church and in preparation he conducted "Baths" in which he would inject his followers with poison in U.S.A. and at Jonestown in Guyana - the first bath being conducted in 1970. The Rehearsals were referred to as a test of loyalty and strength. The code word used to inject was "Truth". No real poison was given at the rehearsals, but the members were handed a liquid purporting to be poison and told by Jim Jones to drink it. Some of the members responded that Jim Jones had been right.

more unable to escape from Jonestown because of light security and uncertainty  
as to the dangers which lay in the jungle surrounding them.

7. A number of Guyanese voiced their suspicion but no evidence was unearthed  
to confirm or deny rumours that the outward program was just facade to a secret  
operation being carried out at Jonestown. These rumours and bits of information  
were secretly channelled to relatives in the USA and were confirmed by a few  
members - mainly James Cobb who had left the Church about 5 years ago after  
claiming that the Peoples Temple was no longer pursuing its professed goals  
esp. in the leadership of Jim Jones. It was disclosed that there was at Jonestown  
about 100 security Guards highly trained in the use of firearms - half of them  
had been Vietnam war Veterans who are very loyal to Jim Jones and would not hesitate  
to kill if told to do so by Jim Jones. The most dangerous among the loyal guards  
were - John Alton, Tom Kice, Bob Kice, Melvin "Red" Lubach, Albert Touchette,  
John Thompson, Johnny Cobb, Poncho Johnson, Jim Jones, Steve Jones, Mike Touchette,  
Tom Jones, Len Jones, Stanley Grier, Clifford Lee, Tim Gabney and Ronald Jones.

8. There is also a committee appointed to receive all incoming mails from  
relatives and overseas members and to prepare replies which indicated that  
Jonestown was a happy community. The relative or friend to whom the letter was  
addressed is then called to sign the prepared letter. Many overseas relatives  
and members were lured in this manner to sell their property in the U.S.A. and  
travel to Jonestown to live only to find on arrival that they had fallen into  
a trap from which they could not escape. The members were made to work for 12  
hours a day and were kept on a poor diet of rice and gravy with an occasional  
meal of beans, while Jim Jones, his security guards and a select group were well  
fed. Jim Jones also took his pick, of the young female members and cohabit with  
them often in the presence of his wife and would occasionally speak openly at  
meetings about having sexual intercourse with both male and female members who  
were then told to stand and confirm these acts. Jim Jones often explains that  
these men had sexual problems and he was healing them.

9. In the meantime Jones Cobb got together a U.S. Based Group called the  
U.S. Committee of Relatives who after persistent efforts were able to bring about  
the visit of the U.S. Congressmen Leo Ryan to Guyana to investigate matters  
at Jonestown. Jim Jones at first objected to the visit, but was eventually  
persuaded by his Attorney Charles Garry and Mark Lane to permit the visit.  
Jim Jones, however, called a meeting at Jonestown and warned his followers to  
be sceptical, adverse about Jonestown to the Congressman.

10. On 17th November, Congressman Leo Ryan and a party which included his  
secretary Jacqueline Spiers, National Broadcasting Reporter, Bob Brown, Don  
Harper, and Bob Flick; San Francisco Examiner newspaper reporter Greg Robinson  
and other radio and press reporters travelled to Port Kaituma Airstrip arriving  
there around 4.00 p.m., U.S. Embassy Counsellor in Guyana Richard Dwyer and  
Government Ministry of Information employee Neville Ambbourne and Peoples' Temple  
Administrator and Lane also travelled with the Congressman's party. They were  
met at the airstrip by a group of Peoples' Temple members headed by Johnny Cobb  
and the adopted sons of Jim Jones. The Jones' reason was told that he and  
the members were the only persons who would be allowed to enter Jonestown,  
but the Congressman Garry and Lane were able to persuade Jim Jones to allow  
them to enter, Len Harris, Greg Robinson, Richard Dwyer and Neville Ambbourne to  
accompany him the Congressman and his party to Jonestown.

11. The party entered Jonestown around 5.00 p.m., on 17th November, 1978,  
accompanied by Jim Jones who had cordial discussions with the Congressman  
on his visit to Jonestown. A cultic极大的 and dance was put on for after dinner  
and entertainment. Everyone approved highly and the Congressman voiced this approval  
which caused loud cheers from the members present. The congressman and his  
party were allowed to sleep at Jonestown that night but the remainder of the  
party continued to a Rest House at Port Kaituma.

12. On the following day the party returned to Jonestown where they had  
arranged for a number of them produced a list of names of members that had died  
recently due to the infestation. The report was not being given to the congressman  
but was given to the people according to the custom of the Jonestown  
security guards. It was stated that the people of the Jonestown  
community had died due to the infestation in the village.

A few days later and long after the Congressmen had left the community, Jim Jones had been trying to prevent the Congressman's visit. Several persons were interviewed by the Congressman but it is not known whether they were members or friends of the International. It would, however, appear that Mrs. Shirley Smith Parks, mother-in-law of the deceased Patricia Parker - one of the first persons who told the Congressman that conditions were horrific and that she wanted to leave the Jonestown Community travel safely with the remainder of the community which included her son Jerry and her grand children Dale and Linda Jones. She was followed by the Beutie family and a few other persons including Dennis Dogby and Verne Goosney. Jim Jones begged them not to go to the former and offered to send them home in a week's time with money for expenses, but they insisted on leaving and he had to bow to the Congressman's insistence that those who wished to leave be permitted to do so in the truck which had been sent by to take him and his party to the Airport. This development caused a number of other members to rush forward to join the truck and leave Jonestown. A few other members who were afraid to be interviewed had earlier slipped into the bushes as the Congressman's press van dictated the attention of the security guards. The escapees were making their way to Matthew Ridge Settlement. The names of these members are as follows. Robert Pank, George Evans, Shirley Evans, Shirley Evans, Shirley Wilson, Johnny Franklin, Sandra Jones, Sandra Jones, Linda Wilson, Richard Clarke, Diana Rorvoko. Contact was then made by Radio operator Timothy Carter with the Dennis Levee, Jonestown. He spoke to Lauren Ann Johnson, one of the developments and advised that she make the necessary arrangements for an extra aircraft to the Levee Settlement to bring out the 20 odd members who requested to leave. This was a profound shock at this development but made the arrangements. The members all relayed around 3:00 p.m.

At this number of the members who were anxious leaving began to move out in a haphazard manner. One member Don Sly attacked the Congressman with a knife but was restrained by the Attorneys Charles Grimes, Dick Lane and a few others before he could inflict any injury. By this time the truck could take no more of the persons who wished to leave, but among those in the truck was the accused Larry Layton who displays a fanatic devotion to Jim Jones. He was subsequently identified by Dale Parks and others as a traitor on board. A direct request was made to the U.S. Councillor Richard Becker to have Layton put off the truck, but Layton who was seen in conversation with Jim Jones immediately before getting the truck insisted that he wanted to return to the U.S.A. even though he had no luggage, passport other other comment with him. A similar request to another Levee Bridenbach put off the truck was also turned down. (M)

The truck eventually left Jonestown around 3:45 p.m., and arrived at the airport airstrip about 4:30 p.m. The passengers numbering about 50 were all off, but the planes to fly them out had not yet arrived. Joe Wilson who had accompanied the passengers to the Airstrip began striking bonds with everyone and as soon as Layton they shook hands under a poncho which Layton was wearing at that time and it appeared to ease of the passengers, particularly to the point, that Wilson handed Layton a gun which he concealed on his person. Layton then left with the truck which drove to one end of the airstrip near to the entrance where it was parked by the driver, Eddie Griswold while the passengers waited on the plane. Eddie John Johnson told Layton that he was not wanted, but by this time Layton was too far away. A search was never carried out on Layton and no gun was found on him. About 10 minutes later two aircrafts - 1 - 5 seater and a 10 seater plane arrived and the passengers began boarding - Dennis Levee boarded the 5 seater plane in company with his wife, Tracy Parks, Verne Goosney and Dennis Dogby despite a protest from Jim Jones. Layton got immediately behind the pilot's seat.

The passengers remaining, along with Dennis, Bob Brown, Greg Robinson, Eddie John Johnson and other Levee and Dennis personnel were on the Airstrip waiting to board while the departing members of the Peoples Temple headed the final departure. In this plane was Captain Eddie Johnson with the rest of the crew. All members of the Peoples Temple, the truck and all other members of the community, along Boarded the 10, a 10 seater aircraft which was operated by Dennis Levee on duty on the Airstrip, owned by him 16 years. Eddie Johnson had been flying for 10 years. A dozen passengers were aboard and three Privates and two mechanics were also on the flight. Captain Eddie Johnson and

plane at the end of the airstrip at a point about 150 yards from the point where the aircraft had stopped. Their arms were in a tent next to the plane under repair.

16. It is noted that both Attorneys Charles Garry and Hank Lane who had been in the interior with the Congressman's party had chosen to remain outside when there a series of incidents were building up. As reported by these attorneys a number of members were moving about the compound with firearms and someone was heard saying, "Let's go and get them now". Others were saying "It's time to die". It was later claimed by Mike Carter that Harold Katsaros had told him that a number of armed members had left in a tractor drawn-trailer but that the Congressman's party had also feared that there would be trouble.

16. About this time the small Aircraft had started up its engine and began to take off position, just then the Peoples' Temple truck driven by Eddie Bigby began to travel slowly up the airstrip followed by Peoples' Tractor drawn trailer driven by Stanley Park. The following members were seen there identified in the trailer - Tom Rice, Albert Touchette, Bob Lee, Dennis Jones, Ronnie Dennis.

16. The same measure of conflict between the various given by eye witness John Lee and Monica Bigby who were in the small aircraft as Monica stated that the tractor drawn trailer had arrived at the Airport almost 10 minutes before they had boarded the aircraft and was parked on the outer edge of the strip in front of the passenger shed.

17. Jim Jones and his main party which included his secretary Jeannette Spiers, Don Harris, Bob Brown, Dale Robinson, Bob Flick, Krause, Jim Martin and a few others had not yet boarded the plane. Suddenly one of the Peoples Temple members in the trailer struck Special Constable Second Class the neck and pulled away his shotgun. The Constable remained lying on the ground with the shotgun being pointed at him. At the same time the others in the truck and trailer picked up rifles, shotguns, and revolvers which were lying in the vehicles and began to shoot at the plane and the Congressman and party. As the persons fell to the ground wounded the gunmen continued to fire over to them and fired more shots into their bodies. The airport personnel had by this time armed themselves but did not fire action.

17. Meanwhile, the Pilot of the small aircraft on hearing the shots started up his engine. At that same time Jerry Layton pulled a .30 rifle from his crotch and began firing at the passengers in the small plane. He shot Monica Bigby and Verne Jones then fired at Dale Parks who turned himself back as if he was hit but no bullet struck him. Monica Bigby and Verne Jones thought wounded were attempting to get out of the plane but Layton shot them again. Dale Parks then jumped on Layton and twisted the gun from his but found the bullets were all spent as one had misfired. Dale Parks then ran into the bushes behind his sister Freda Parks and other survivors from the larger aircraft.

18. By this time the shooting at the larger aircraft had ceased. The passengers got off in the truck and trailer from trailer in the direction of the airport. The following persons were found dead - Leo Rice, Don Harris, Bob Brown, Dale Robinson and Patricia Flick. The following were seriously wounded - Jim Martin, Eddie Bigby, Verne Jones, Jeannette Spiers and Tim Zimmerman. The following persons who were not considered serious are Richard Brown, Jim Flick, Jim Brown, Anthony Katsaros and Maurice Anthony Spier.

18. After the shooting was taking place at the Airport Jim Jones who was present aware of what Jerry Layton and the others had planned to do in the shooting and appreciated that he and no one will not reach the U.S.A. Jim Jones however and those members who had left because a man on board had been shot and crash the plane 1311, all on board. While this was occurring Jim Jones, the head of the Peoples Temple in Jonestown informed the members to come into the hall and to sit down as they wanted the last words to be said to the people. "The General assembly said, 'We do not want to have our authority and the 1311 should without telling questions.' He then continued to state that they will have to come to Revolutionary rule to which the members responded with applause. One female member protested but was shouted down and rebuked by the others in charge for attempting to do what the Bishop

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11. Jim Jones then called the Security Guards who were all armed with rifles, grenades and shotguns to surround the members to ensure that no one escaped. He then ordered that the mixture be brought out and urged them continually before the soldiers arrived. He was speaking quickly and repeating that it was beautiful to die by Revolutionary Suicide. Some of the members began to repeat that it was beautiful to die, some were screaming while others were bidding farewell. Jim Jones continually reassured them that it will not be painful.

12. The mixture was brought out in a half dozen and Jim Jones ordered that the babies be taken care of first. These babies were taken up to the Doctor and his team of Nurses who used syringes to squirt some of the mixture into the mouth of each baby, and the mother then laid them out on the ground to die. They were squirming, vomiting and gasping for breath. Jones' mother painted but Jim Jones kept urging the medical team to move faster. He also assisted in laying the babies up for their deaths. When the time came for the adults to take the mixture, members lay down for their deaths. When the time came for the adults to take the mixture, a few adults, apart from the oral dose were also given an injection which they had to struggle and toss about as the mixture began to take effect. They were led to point and laid on the ground to die.

13. At this point member Bill Sholes who was not willing to commit suicide succeeded in passing out of the ring of armed Guards on the pretext of escorting one of the members to the Dispensary to get a stethoscope. He then slipped away through the bushes to Port Kaituma. Another member Stanley Clayton escaped by slipping into a nearby tent after moving to the edge of the ring of bodies preceding, that he was checking on survivors. He then escaped into the bushes where about 150 persons remained to take the fatal doses. Clayton, however claimed that he returned at midnight the next day took his passport from the office where all documents had been left. The other members Sholes and Clayton were carrying but did not succeed to indicate that they were Security Guards, but they deny this. The Attorneys Garry and Lane claimed that they did not witness the suicide incident but on the advice of People member Laelio Johnson they slipped away into the bushes where they passed the night under a tree. They also claimed that they heard several gunshots being fired in Jonestown during the night and also the sound of Jim Jones voice shouting 'Mother' several times.

14. Meanwhile the Kaituma Airport Incident was reported to Police at batthous and 15. Injured woman Lenica Bailey was put on board the small aircraft which was unoccupied, and flown to Timshri to the O.10 Airstrip where she was taken to hospital by ambulance. She is now out of Hospital. The other aircraft was damaged by bullets. The other injured persons Verne Gosney, Jacqueline Spiers, and Jim Raitman were moved to a main shift tent where they were given first aid, pending transportation to hospital.

16. The accused Harry Layton, who had also run into the bushes after the shooting was later seen walking alone a road leading towards Jonestown. He was a civilian Clement Lillooie and Jewel Gladson and taken to the police station where he was detained for questioning. Layton was found on his person a revolver which he had used earlier to shoot over to Dale Farm to H.C. Commissioner and Mr. Garry, who later gave an account with one misfired round to the Police. About 12.00 hrs on 1.11.78 suspects Michael Proctor, Timothy Carter and Mike Carter were seen walking along a road in Port Kaituma and were arrested by 3/Quantels under Captain and Paul Adams. Michael Proctor and Timothy Carter were each found with a .38 calibre revolver and 5 rounds. The three of them also had sums of money which amounted to \$45,400.00 U.S. and \$764.00 Guyana currency.

17. Meanwhile news of the incident had reached Force Headquarters, Georgetown and a joint Police/Army contingent headed by Assistant Commissioner Graves and Major Army personnel flew out to batthous ridge to commence investigation. The police and a section of the army travelled by road and rail to Port Kaituma while the main section of the Army moved in on Jonestown.

18. At Port Kaituma the Police Party counted Oncell Rhodes about 11.00 hrs and he gave an account of the mass suicide at Jonestown. This was confirmed by Army personnel when they arrived at the site later that day. The Airsurvivors - Dale Banks, Jerry Banks, Elith Banks, Tracy Banks, Jugnet, Tom Bogue, Harold Cordell, James Cobb, Lenica Bogle were questioned by the Police Party and they supplied the names of the following People "stars" who they collectively identified as taking part in the shooting: Harry Lee, Joe Wilson, Ian Kies, Ted Kies, Mario Cronshaw, Albert Touch... by

Mr. Stanley Giese, Ronnie Jones, Ronnie Dennis, Don Valley, Tony Miller.

Deputy Commissioner Balram Ramnarine, Assistant Commissioner of Crime, S. J. Roberts, and other rank and to the Interior on 1.11.71 to lead the investigation. Several persons were questioned throughout the night and on 2.11.71 Timothy Carter took Deputy Commissioner Ramnarine, Assistant Commissioner of Crime, S. J. Roberts and Assistant Superintendent Smith to the Union Carbide site at Jonestown where he showed that a large quantity of U.S. and Guyana currency notes and a few pieces of jewellery hidden in a bag containing stock feed. A small quantity of jewellery and a further quantity of U.S. and Guyana currency notes were also found in a farm on the side of the housing area. This money which was buried was also pointed out by Timothy and Michael Carter. A quantity of U.S. and other currency coins were also found in the house of Jim Jones. A large number of open cheques were found, endorsed twice also found in Jim Jones' house. A further sum of money U.S. and Guyana currency and gold coins were also recovered from a number of local residents and had been buried in a suitcase abandoned at a point 1½ miles from Jonestown. Michael Prokes a Michael Carter and Timothy Carter were further questioned in relation to this brief case and they admitted that they had left the brief case in the bushes on the night of 1.11.71 while on their way to contact their vessel 'Coodoos', the amount of money recovered so far is \$2,521,561.2 Guyana currency and 4 gold coins, value not yet known. See list attached.

The body of Jim Jones was positively identified among the dead. He was shot through the head and except for one young woman identified as Jim Jones' wife who died before she was able to shoot her head, all the members appeared to have died by poisoning. A half drum containing a coloured liquid and a large number of syringes were found at the site along with a number of firearms. The angle from which Jim Jones and Anne Moore were shot indicated that they shot themselves, the fire arms (a revolver) which is believed to have been used by Jim Jones was found a short distance from the body which was also neatly laid out with the right hand resting on the stomach. This could only have been done after Jim Jones was dead and the most probable suspects are Timothy Carter, Michael Carter and Michael Prokes. The firearms found included the shotgun a 17/004 which was taken from S/Constable Durga Persaud, (See attached firearms list). The ammunition is also as listed. The Police were able to identify 13 bodies of which 10 were adults identified about 170. Prokes and the Carters were reluctant to assist in this respect, among the bodies so far identified were Joe Wilson, Bob Hines, Eddie Gresham, Wesley Brudenbach, Stanley Giese, Albert Tonette, Ron Valley, Tony Miller, Don Sly. The body of Jim Gill (Guyanese) was also found among the dead. A number of syringes containing some of the liquid were seized for examination.

Government Patholoist, Dr. Leslie Bootoo also visited the Jonestown site and performed Post Mortem Examination on a number of bodies and took samples of the substances used. Dr. Bootoo also performed Post Mortem Examination on the bodies of Leo Ryan, Bob Hines, Ben Harris, Eric Robinson and Patricia Clegg at Port K. Mortuary and opined that death was due to haemorrhage and shock following multiple injuries to vital organs. The scenes at the Port Kaituma Airport and at Jonestown were photographed. The dead bodies at Jonestown amount to 114. There are 30 known survivors. To date only 13 passengers have been treated, but many of the children who died are of tender age and had no chance of survival. The bodies of all the Peoples Temple members and other American citizens have been flown out to U.S.A. The departure was witnessed. A number of bulletts taken from the bodies and shells found at Port Kaituma Airport, a portion trailer used by the Indians to were uplifted, for examination by ballistics expert. The exact number of Indians who were resident at Jonestown at the time of this incident is not yet known, but from the figures stat above all seem to have been accounted for.

On 2.11.71 later, Layton gave a statement under caution to Detention Officer, Mr. Johnson, explaining that he had left Jonestown in order to shoot himself and crash the aircraft killing the Congressman and all on board, but his intention started at an airport he joined in and went home to Mr. Verne Verma's apartment at Drip Farm. It is soon that Layton and his colleagues were unable to contact Mr. Verne Verma and the aircraft was never seen. He has since been in touch with the Minister of five (5) years ago and is now serving a prison sentence on Monica Gagby Verma and is here, Jacque the Sp... Go

and the detainees who received serious injuries during the fire at the airport, out of damage.

32. The suspect identified from Michael Carter and Franklin Carter held important positions in the administration of Jonestown. Michael Carter made frequent trips to the U.S.A. in the interest of Peoples Temple. On his last trip back on 11.11.78, he infiltrated the concerned Peoples Temple Group to learn what steps they were taking against the Peoples Temple. Michael Prokes, is the Captain of the ship, Jim Carter is the Head of the Radio Room and also works as their Customs Clerk. They both all advised that the plan was for all members to commit suicide and Michael Carter advised that they were at Jonestown until the members started to commit suicide. After the fire with all the cash recovered so far and important letters found to try and gain identifications in relation with the names of Devotees or the Peoples Temple. The three suspects were carrying cash when arrested. The letters indicated that very large sums of money are lodged in overseas Banks in the names of members who died on 1.11.78. They having on the said day deposited the money to a certain overseas country. The poor background of these members makes it impossible for them to deposit such sums.

33. A large quantity of Video and other tapes seized from Jonestown are being examined at C.I.D. Headquarters. An inventory is also being prepared in relation to the Stocks etc. found on the site. One of the Tapes examined so far relates to a "Unito and hit" rehearsal while another relates to the last address by Jim Jones exhorting his followers to commit mass Suicide. The cases against Larry Taylor are for hearing on 12.12.78. Arrangements are also being made for an early Inquest into the Deaths at Jonestown.

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...Smith, Det. Asst. Supt.  
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