PHILLIP BURTON

LISE PLYDING HOLDS OFFICE BULLDON WARRESTON, D.C. Congress of the United States House of Representatives

Aushington, **D.C.** 20515

COMMITTEE EDUCATION AND LABOR INTERIOR AND PHILAR AFFAIR

SHITHER SPICES
450 GALDEN GATE AVERUE
SAN FAMORICS, CALIFFORMA
Printe, MA-4841



MEMORANDUM

I thought you might be interested in the enclosed.

Sincerely

PHILLIP BURTON
Member of Congress

17-1-A-2(1)





Excerpt from the

AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT CONGRESSIONAL PRESENTATION FISCAL YEAR 1979

Gнуапа:

COUNTRY: GUYANA,

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT FINANCES
Consumer Price Index, 3 years(1973) 134, (74) 145, (75) 158
Total domestic revenues (\$ millions,U.S.)(1973) 65, (74) 130, (75) 205
Central government total. expenditures, last 3 years (\$ millions,U.S.)(1973) 116, (74) 143, (75) 258
Deficit or surplus (\$ millions,U.S.)(1973)51, (74)13, (75)53
Defense expenditures, last 3 years
as a of total expenditures(1973) 3.21, (74) 4.71, (75) 4.01
as % of GNP(1973) 1.4%, (74) 1.8%, (75) 2.2%
Service payments on external public debt as % of goods and non-factor services, latest
U.S. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE
U.S. economic assistancelatest (1975) \$1.3 million
as % of country central government oxpenditures
as % of country imports of goods and services
SOCIAL DATA
Proportion of population 15 years of age and below(1969) 44% (15/40) 37% (40+) 18%
Population growth rate(1970-1971) 2.3% (1976-1977) 2.2%
Proportion of population in urban areas(1972) 36% (1976) 34%
Proportion of labor force in agriculture(1970) 30%
Major causes of mortality() n.a.
Major causes of morbidity() n.a.
Infant deaths per 1,000 live births(1976) 42
People per doctor(1973) 3,500

GUYANA

GP 79-13 PROGRAM SUMMARY (In thousands of dollars) Education Selected Food and Human Fiscal Population Other Total Health_ Davelopand Year Resources Planning Nutrition ment Develop-Activities ment 1977 Loans 6,200 6,200 Grants ... 97 97 _ Total .. 6,297 6,200 97 -1978 Loans 5,600 5,600 1,210 1,110 Grants ... 100 6,810 6,710 Total . . 100 _ 1979 5,600 Loans 3,000 2,600 Grants ... 2,490 2,090 300 100 8,090 5,090 2,900 100

U.S. interests in Guyana are primarily humanitarian but include important political and economic considerations. By contributing to efforts to sustain the economy during the current economic crisis and furthering longerterm development, U.S. assistance promotes stability in Guyana and, by extension, in the Caribbean region. For FY 1979, we plan to utilize both Development Assistance and P.L. 480. Since self-sufficiency in food production is the Covernment's primary development goal, we plan to focus our efforts in support of Agricultural/Rural Development.

Development Overview

Guyana has good economic potential with untapped resources including land, forests and labor. However it suffers from a weak agricultural sector, high unemployment, and an inadequate road system, virtually non-existent in the country's vast interior. Guyana is highly vulnerable to international price fluctuations since it derives the

bulk of its foreign exchange revenues from only three products: rice, sugar and bauxite. It is dependent on imports for fuel, basic foodstuffs and all essential capital goods and raw materials. Recent declines in sugar prices exacerbated by a near-crippling sugar strike, disruptions in rice and bauxite production, as well as rising import prices precipitated an economic crisis which is only gradually being alleviated. Imports of all but essential items have been eliminated. Government expenditures have been drastically cut.

Socio-Economic Performance

The Government is committed to a policy of social and economic egalitarianism, and its performance has been creditable in spite of the economic crisis during the last two years.

Its current effort to extend basic health care to its rural population, to attain self-sufficiency in food production, and to reduce unemployment all bespeak of the Government's commitment to improve the quality of life of its people and to assure that the benefit of economic growth accrue to all.

Additionally, the government stresses a participation strategy of cooperation and self-help of its citizens to attain the goals of increased productivity and national development. The active role of women in the economic development process is encouraged and recognized by the Government. Guyana fully espouses the U.S. position on human rights.

External Donors

The World Bank is increasing its assistance level to \$40 million for the period July 1977 to June 1978, from a low of only \$100,000 for the previous two-year period. The Inter-American Development Bank (IDB), a new donor, is appraising and developing three projects with a commitment total of \$73 million for 1977/78. Both donors, like A.I.D., are directing their assistance toward increasing productivity of rural areas. They consider-

703

ing large irrigation and drainage projects, with possible participation of the Caribbean Development Bank and the European Development Fund. The IBRD is also considering a project in Forestry Development, an area which is believed to have good export potential. The Canadian International Development Agency is also assisting in this area.

A.I.D. Program Direction

During FY 1979 A.I.D. will support the Government's initiative to increase agricultural productivity, including export commodities as well as domestically consumed foods. Projects are proposed or underway to provide credit for small farmers, to improve rural roads thus providing small farmers with more reliable access to markets, and to develop high quality seeds suited to Guyanese conditions. A rice storage project will facilitate increased production by providing additional rice storage and drying capacity in the principal rice growing areas.

A.I.D.'s proposed assistance in health responds to Guyana's initiative to extend minimum basic health care to the 62% of its population who live in rural areas. P.L. 480 Title II Food for Work and Maternal/Child Health programs are proposed to support small scale infrastructure development and to improve nutrition for mothers and children. P.L. 480 Title I assistance is also planned to supply needed foodstuffs and to generate local currency for high priority development activities.

, PERSONNEL/PAR	TICIPANTS	DATA	CP 79-1
Category	FY 1977 (Actual)	FY 1978 (Estimated)	FY 1979 (Proposed)
A.I.D. Personner ^a Direct Hire ^b PASA ^c Contract	6 - -	10 - -	12 -
Total	6	10	12
Participants ^d Noncontract Contract	6	41 -	39 -
Total	6	41	39

a U.S. nationals on duty at the end of the fiscal year,

b FY 1978 and FY 1979 authorized position levels as of Nov. 30, 1977.

c Participating agency technicians.

d Programmed during the fiscal year.

FLOWS of dollars)		CP 79-08
FY 1977 (Actual)	FY 1978 (Estimated)	FY 1979 (Proposed)
6,574 55	5,818 670	8,074 1,600
6,529	6,488	9,674
- 7	2,100 67	2,000 25
7	2,167	2,025
6,636	8,655	11,699
	of dollars) FY 1977 (Actual) 6,574 55 6,529 -7 7	of dollars) FY 1977 (Actual) 6,574 55 670 6,529 6,488 - 2,100 7 67 7 2,167

GUYANA

	P.L. 48		RAMS S	UMMARY	, ,,	CP 79-14	
Program		1977 tual)		1978 mated)	FY 1979 (Proposed)		
r rogram	MT	\$	MT	\$	MT	\$	
Title / Wheat	-	_	5	550	5	500	
Rice	_	_		_	_	_	
Vegoil	-	-	2	1,150	2	1,100	
Non-food	-		0.1	· 400	0.1	400	
Title I Total		-		2,100	7////	2,000	
Title II Voluntary Agencies		_		<u>.</u>		_	
World Food Programs .		7		67		25	
Gov'tto-Gov't	44444	7		67		25	
Total P.L. 480	11111			2,167		2,025	

MISSION DIRECTOR Edna A. Boorady

NOTES .

D-1-A-2(6)

PROGRAM: GUYANA

CP 79-07

O O FAMIL	Т					<u>-</u>									8**			
	ı	Project	FY of Initial	Through	FY 77	Estimate	Grant ed FY 78	Propose	4 FY 19		 	Through	h FY 77	Lei		d FY 78	Pronose	d FY 79
Project Tills	ľ	Kumber	Obligation/ Oate of Loan Authori- zation	Obligations	Expendi- tures	Obligations	Expendi- tures	Obligations	Expendi- tures	Future Year Obliga- tions	Amount Authorized	Amount Disbursed	Principal Repay- ments	Interest Collected	Authori- zation	Expendi- tures	Authori-	Expendi
Food and Nutrition Rice Hodernization Seed Farm Development Rural Roads Agricultural Sector Development Nutrition Research and Education Rice Stabilization Health Rural Health Systems	*	504-0044 504-0065 504-0068 504-0069 504-0070 504-0071	68 78 77 79 79 79 78	11		310 800 - - -	240 300 - - -	190 600 650 250 400	200 585 200 175 250	300 1,350 250 400	6,200	12,255	-	996	5,600	225 805 - 1,000	3,000	2,00
Education & Numan Resources Developm't Public Sactor Manpower Training Selected Devalopment Activities	1	504-0012	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	-	-	300	_	4
Feasibility and Pre-Feasibility Studies Improvement of Georgetown Streets and Approaches Nov Amsterdam Approaches and Canje River Bridge Special Development Activities		504-0009 504-0010 504-0011 504-0031	69 71 72 65	- - 414	- - 365	- - 100	130	100	- - 90	cont.	2,465 6,200 4,800 -	2,377 3,583 2,763	1 1 1 1	- 85 20 -		88 1,800 1,600	-	8:
,										,	,				• •			
[T	OTAL		414	365	1,210	670	2,490	1,600	2,300	33,565	20,987		1,101	5,600	5,818	5,600	8,07

*Detailed project ramaitre-See Activity Data Sheet.

**Loan terms* repayment period varies from 20-40 serse, 7-10 years grace; interest 2% during grace, 3% amortisation; repayable in U.S. dollars. Loans repayable in less than 40 years are noted.

17-1-A-7, (5)

PROGRAM: GUYANA

ACTIVITY DATA SHEET

CP 79-05

TITLE	PROPOSED OBLIGATION (In thousands of dollars)					
Agricultural Sector Development	Food and Nutrition	FY 79 Loan-3,000;	Grant-650	LIFE OF PROJECT Loan-3,000; Grant-2,000		
NUMBER 504-0069 NEW XX GRANT XX LOAN XX CONTINUING [7]	N 1' 1	OBLIGATION	ESTIMATED FINAL OBLIGATION FY 81	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE OF PROJECT FY 82		

Purpose: To provide assistance to small farmers through the financing of activities that will provide services and incentives to promote increases in the productivity of subsistence farmers and assure marketability of their output.

Background: Of the estimated 50,000 families (average size of family - six persons) engaged in agriculture, the majority are at a subsistence level. These farmers are inhibited from increasing their production for the market primarily by lack of inputs, and related credit, and the lack of marketing infrastructure. In response, the government agriculture plan 1978-82 calls for substantial investment to increase small farmer productivity, reduce post harvest losses, and provide a cash market for increased production. A.I.D. financing will support key components such as those that promote more intensive agriculture among food crop farmers and establish a basic crop collection, storage and distribution infrastructure. The A.I.D. contributions to specific activities will be determined during the feasibility analysis of the various alternatives. The components to be financed will channel government resources to activities in geographic areas that have the highest level of subsistence farmers. Specific investment activities under consideration are supervised agricultural credit; extension/demonstration field centers; rural training centers; input distribution/crop collection centers; regional warehouses and cold storage facilities, including grading and sorting facilities; refrigerated trucks and barges for crop transportation; and credit for agribusiness projects.

Host Country and Other Donors: The total government contribution will be approximately \$2 million of a total cost of \$. 7 million. The government will also finance the operating costs of the extension service and other supporting institutions.

FY 1979 Program: A.I.D. will provide a loan of \$3 million and a grant of \$650,000 to finance technical assistance, training, construction services, and equipment necessary to carry out the

Beneficiaries: The program will provide services that will directly benefit about 15 percent of the 50,000 Guyanese farm families. All families, however, will not receive all services. since the number of farmers in a specific area who can receive supervised credit will be limited. Many farmers however will be able to utilize the services of the input distribution/crop collection centers and other facilities.

Major Outputs: All Years: Major outputs are anticipated to be a mixture of the following: up to 7 input distribution/market collection centers; up to three regional collection, storage, packaging centers, up to three cold storage facilities, supervised credit support for up to 1,000 farmers.

A.I.D. Financed Inputs:	(\$ Thousands) FY 79
Grant	
Technical Assistance (90 pm) Training	450 200
Total Grant	650 ·.
Loan	
Equipment and construction services for marketing infrastructure. Pesticides, fertilizers, seeds and other	2,000
inputs on a revolving credit basis Total Loan	1,000 3,000

			1	Total Loan · 3,000
	.S. FINANCING (In thousands o	PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS OR AGENCIES		
	Obligations	Expenditures	Unliquidated	
Through September 30, 1977		-	-	To be selected
Estimated Fiscal Year 1978	-	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Estimated through September 30, 1978	-	-		
		Future Year Obligations	Estimated Total Cost	
Proposed Fiscal Year 1979	L-3,000; G-650	G=1,350	L-3,000; G-2,000	

<u>Purpose</u>: To establish a Nutrition Research Institute and to assist in the development of a comprehensive nationwide nutrition education program.

Background: A 1971 Food and Nutrition survey by the Pan American Health Organization estimated that over one-third of Guyanese pre-school-age children were suffering from severeundernourishment. The Guyana National Science Research Council (NSRC) has determined that each year nearly four percent of children between 0-5 years in Guyana were dying, the majority from severe malnutrition. Among children and adults, the Council found that nutritional anaemia and deficiencies of energy and protein are widespread. The NSRC has proposed the establishment of a Nutrition Research Institute to carry out research on the nutritive value of local foods and begin a nationwide program in nutrition education using these foods. The Institute will become the primary institution responsible for conducting a national nutrition education program. The project proposes to provide the Institute technical assistance to (1) assess present Guyanese capability in nutrition; (2) design a program for its improvement; (3) assist in carrying out in-depth research on locally grown produce to determine their nutritive values; (4) assist in the preparation of educational materials to be used in country-wide nutritional program. Additionally, the project would provide the Institute with the necessary equipment to establish an adequate nutritional research laboratory.

Host Country and Other Donors: The Government of Guyana contribution is estimated at \$200,000 for personnel costs and some laboratory equipment.

FY 1979 Program: The FY 1979 program will fund one long-term nutritional research advisor, plus 16 person months of short-term assistance in such fields as nutrition planning and

education. Equipment and training will also be provided.

Beneficiaries: The project, being nation-wide in scope, will benefit the entire population to varying degrees. The rural population, particularly children under five, will be most direct beneficiaries.

	OUMGIGETAC
Major Outputs:	All Years
Research studies conducted on	->
locally-grown produce	12
National nutrition education program developed	1
Local technicians trained in nutrition research and educatio	n 40
	/C = b===d=)

A.I.D. Financed Inputs:	(\$ thousands)
Consultants (2-1/4 py) Commodities (laboratory equipment) Participant training (1 py) Other costs (preparation of education material)	. 140 90 15
Total	250

erm assistance in such flerds	as nucricion prannir	ig and		,
	U.S. FINANCING (In thousands	of dollars)		PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS OR AGENCIES
	Obligations	Expenditures	Unliquidated	•
Through September 30, 1977				
Estimated Fiscal Year 1978	_			To be selected
Estimated through September 30, 1978	-	-		」 '
		Future Year Obligations	Estimated Total Cost	<u>_</u>
Proposed Fiscal Year 1979	250	250	500	<u> </u>

708

D-1-A-Z (9)-

ACTIVITY DATA SHEET

CP 79-05

PROGRAM: GUYANA

NUMBER 504-0066

GRANT M LOAN

TITLE

FUNDS Rural Health Systems Health PRIOR REFERENCE NEW [X

CONTINUING

PROPOSED OBLIGATION (In thousands of dollars) FY 79 Loan, 2,600: Grant, 300 ESTIMATED FINAL OBLIGATION FY 79 INITIAL OBLIGATION FY 79

LIFE OF PROJECT Loan, 2,600; Grant, 300

ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE OF PROJECT FY 81

Purpose: To provide basic health facilities and services to the poor majority of Guyana.

None

Background: Throughout Guyana, there is a serious shortage of skilled health service personnel, and the limited medical facilities and equipment in rural areas are largely obsolete and nonfunctioning. In Guyana there are only 114 medical doctors (accounting for a doctor-to-people ratio of one per 7,000) under the control and jurisdiction of the Ministry of Health, municipalities, and general corporations; 64 Public Health nurses, and 12 community health workers. The total number of health workers of all types is approximately 2,600, located mainly in Region III which contains Georgetown, the capital city. Medical facilities in Guyana are nearly all in or near urban areas. This project will concentrate on the establishment of an in-country cadre of sub-professional personnel, such as medical extender (MEDEX) personnel and community health workers (CHWs) to assume medical and public health responsibility in rural areas under general physician supervision. The integrated system will link supervision, support and referral services between the most basic health entity in a three-tier system, i.e., a post, to the most sophisticated, i.e., a district hospital.

Host Country and Other Donors: The Government of Guyana is expected to contribute \$2.0 million to the project. The IDB is considering a loan in the amount of \$16 million and a grant of about \$1.4 for the expansion and improvement of Guyana's health facilities and equipment, including the construction of 10 district hospitals, 13 health posts and 7 health stations; also technical assistance and training of administrative and support staff is being considered as part of the project. Canada is providing a grant for development of a MEDEX program, with the University of Hawaii providing advisory assistance.

FY 1979 Program: In FY 1979, training of CHW and MEDEX personnel will commence; health manuals will be prepared and logistical equipment, e.g., radios, boats, and visual aids will be provided.

Beneficiaries: It is anticipated that the 65 percent of the population who live in the rural areas will have improved access to health services. Unit cost per beneficiary is \$6.

Major Outputs:	All Years
Trained CHWs	234 154
Trained MEDEX workers Population accessibility to CHWs at health post locations Health manuals developed and issued	134,000
A.I.D. Financed Inputs:	(\$ thousands) FY 79
Grant: Consultants (4 py)	<u>300</u>
Total	300
Loan: Long and short-term consultants	•
(14 bh)	1,000
Training and associated costs (local and abroad) Commodities (vehicles, radios,	800
boat and medical supplies)	700
Contingencies and evaluation	100
Total	. 2,600

U.S. FINANCING (In thousands of dollars)					
	Obligations	Expenditures	Unliquidated]	
Through September 30, 1977	-		-	}	
Estimated Fiscal Year 1978	•	_		To be	
Estimated through September 30, 1978	-	-	_]	
		Future Year Obligations	Estimated Total Cost]	
Proposed Fiscal Year 1979	L-2,600 G-300	-	L-2,600 G-300		

CONTRACTORS OR AGENCIES

e selected

D-1-A-2(10)

THOUNAMA	I	PROPOSED OBLIGATION	In thousands of dollars)	
TITLE	FUNDS			Lives or
Seed Farm Development	Food and Nutrition	FY 79 190		
NUMBER 504-0065 NEW [7]	PRIOR REFERENCE		ESTIMATED FINAL	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
1	Congressional Notification pending	OBLIGATION FY 78	OBLIGATION FY 79	OF PROJECT
GRANT A LOAN CONTINUING	Couglessioner worrirestroit benging	F1 /0	11. 72	

Purpose: To develop at reasonable prices a reliable source of viable agriculture seed that is readily available to the farmer in all areas of the country.

Background and Progress to Date: Expansion and diversification of domestic food crop production carried out almost exclusively by small farmers is essential to permit Guyana to reduce or eliminate food imports, thus saving valuable foreign exchange. Quality seed, available in timely and sufficient quantities, is a critical element in this effort. In FY 78, the Government of Guyana (GOG) will prepare a project work plan, including identification and selection of seed production areas, varieties and amounts needed. Additionally, personnel will be identified for assignment to the project and the training phase of the project will commence. Land preparation will also begin as well as initial seeding.

Host Country and Other Donors: The GOG contribution is estimated at \$800,000 over the project life. This project is complementary to and an expanded part of the present Legume Production Program currently being carried out by GOG agriculture staff, with assistance of the Inter-American Institute of Agricultural Sciences (IICA).

FY 1979 Program: Technical advisory services and local training will continue to be provided to assist with the planting and harvesting of the seed crops, processing of the seeds, and distribution of the seeds to storage and marketing centers.

Beneficiaries: The estimated 50,000 rural families and urban people who are producing food for home and market will benefit from the project. Especially benefited will be those producers who are in more remote areas, whose trips to the current major source of seed supply entails costly and lengthy journeys. The unit cost per beneficiary is estimated at \$10.

Major Cutputs:	Cumulative All Years
Seed production and seed processing specialists trained	35
Locations of foundation seed machinery and equipment	10
Central storage and processing facilities established	3
Regional storage and distribution outlets established	. 15
A.I.D. Financed Inputs:	(\$ thousands) FY 79
Technical advisory services (25 pm) In-country training	, 110 60
Equipment and commodities (specialized tractor, seeds)	20
Total	190

	PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS OR			
	Ohligations	, Expenditures	Unliquidated	
Through September 30, 1977		-	-	_
Estimated Fiscal Year 1978	310	240		To be selected
Estimated through September 30, 1978	310	240	.70	
		Future Year Obligations	Estimated Total Cost	
Proposed Fiscal Year 1979	190	-	500	

AGENCIES

TITLE FUNDS		PROPOSED OBLIGATION (In thousands of dollars)					
Rural Roads		Food & Nutrition		FY 79 Grant-600		PROJECT Loan-6,200; Grant-1,700	
GRANT COANCE		PRIOR REFERENCE Congressional Notification,		INITIAL OBLIGATION FY 77	ESTIMATED FINAL OBLIGATION FY 81	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE OF PROJECT FY 82	

<u>Purpose</u>: To strengthen and expand the capacity of the Ministry of Works and Transport to maintain and construct Guyana's road systems including a modest feeder road component.

Background: Rice production has almost doubled in the last ten years, and, with three major irrigation and flood control development projects being financed by other donors, is expected to double again in the next ten years. Roads are the key link in the rice production chain as harvested rice must be artifically dried, away from the fields, within three days of the harvest before it can be safely stored in bulk. Since much of the harvest period occurs during the rainy season, and movement of the crops to drying facilities is on less than all-weather roads, heavy, vehicles become bogged down and transport of the harvest out of the fields comes to a halt. This stoppage of road transport results in excessive moisture to the rice crop and its consequent spoilage.

This combined loan/grant project is intended to ensure an adequately maintained and expanded rural road transportation system to facilitate the movement of farm produce. In FY 1978, workshop facilities will be expanded, procurement of workshop and laboratory testing equipment, tools and spare parts will take place and a major technical assistance training program will begin.

Host Country and Other Donors: The Government of Guyana's (GOG) contribution to the project amounds to \$2.6 million. This project will complement other donor land development programs being financed by the World Bank, Caribbean Development Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank by providing an adequately maintained road system in the project areas.

FY 1979 Program: The focus in FY 1979 will be to install major rebuilt workshop equipment; construct a new soils and materials laboratory; and train supervisors, foremen and mechanics.

Beneficiaries: By expanding the area of influence of the rural road system, the project is expected to benefit, at a minimum, 10,000 farm families who will make use of new and improved roads to bring their produce to market. Based on this conservative estimate, the cost per farm family would be \$790.

	major Outputs:	Cumulative
		All Years
	Overhaul construction equipment	52
	Train equipment operators	213
	Train mechanics	202
	Train engr's/supervisors	329 -
	Construct workshops & lab.	2
	Construct feeder roads (miles)	50
•	A.I.D. Financed Inputs:	(\$ thousands) FY 79
	Consultants (96 pm)	530
	Training (30 pm)	_70
	Total .	600

U.S.	FINANCING (In thousands of	PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS OR AGENCIES			
	Obligations	Expenditures	Unliquidated	1:	
Through September 30, 1977	L 6,200	-	L 6,200	To be selected.	· . 1 ·
Estimated Fiscal Year 1978	G 800	L 805 G 300	l	To be selected.	
Estimated through September 30, 1978	L 6,200 G 800	L 805 G 300	L 5,395 C 500	Ţ',	
		Future Year Obligations	Estimated Total Cost	1	
Proposed Fiscal Year 1979	G 600	G 300	L 6,200 G 1,700		

TITLE		FUNDS Food and Nutrition	PROPOSED OBLIGATION (In thousands of dollars)		
Rice Stabili	zation	Food and Nutrition	FY 79 400	PROJECT L 5,600 G 800	
NUMBER 504-0071 GRANT X LOAN	NEW CONTINUING (X)	1	INITIAL OBLIGATION FY 78	ESTIMATED FINAL ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE OF PROJECT FY 82 FY 83	

Purpose: To construct three new regional rice paddy drying and grain storage centers in rice producing areas, and to reconstruct a rice packaging and marketing plant.

Background: Guyana is a country of small rice growers, however, it has continually been faced with insufficient rice paddy drying or storage capacity vis-a-vis its level of production. A FY 1969 A.I.D. loan provided financing for the erection of six paddy drying and storage centers and one milled rice facility with a total capacity estimated at 52,000 metric tons. With rice production nearly doubling between 1968 and 1977 (120,000 M/T to 224,000 M/T) and with production expected to increase to 500,000 M/T by 1987 as a result of three large irrigation and land development projects financed by other donors, the need for drying and storage facilities, now acute, will become more severe in the next ten years. Additionally, there is a need to reconstruct the Georgetown rice packaging and marketing plant destroyed by fire in August 1977 if Guyana is to have the ability to ship rice, its second highest foreign exchange earner, at a time it is experiencing severe balance-of-payment problems. In FY 1978, an updating of the 1967 feasibility study is to be completed to make it relevant to changed processing and engineering technologies. Additionally, an agricultural consulting firm will assist in procurement of equipment for the storage, drying and packing facilities.

Host Country and Other Donors: The Government of Guyana's (GOG) contribution will be \$4 million. The project will complement other donor efforts in expansion of rice production by providing new paddy drying and storage facilities to process increasing outputs. An IBRD irrigation and flood control project will develop 45,000 additional acres for rice cultivation. Two other large rice cultivation expansion projects are being financed by the Inter-American Development and the Caribbean Development Banks.

FY 1979 Program: The design of facilities will be finalized, procurement ordering will be completed and construction will begin on the packaging plant and on the six new regional drying/storage centers.

Beneficiaries: The project will directly benefit the estimated 20,000 families, mostly small farmers, engaged in rice cultivation and assure or create new employment for an estimated 3 to 5 thousand people engaged in activities relating to drying, storage and packaging. Based on the estimated beneficiary figure of 20,000 families, cost per family would approximate \$589.

Major Outputs:	Cumulativ All Years
Train farm management cadre	40
Train equipment mechanics and electricians	80
Construct and equip export packaging plant	. 1
Construct and fully equip new regional drying/storage centers	6
A.I.D. Financed Inputs	(\$ thousands) FY 79

Consultants	(Engineer	and	Agricultural)	(80 pm)	400
	*			Total	400

	U.S. FINANCING	PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS OR AGENCIES			
	ОЫ	igations	Expenditures	Unliquidated	
Through September 30, 1977		-			To be selected
Estimated Fiscal Year 1978	L	5,600	1,000		10 be selected
Estimated through September 30, 1978	L	5,600	1,000	L 4,600	1
			Future Year Obligations	Estimated Total Cost	1
Proposed Fiscal Year 1979	G	400	G 400	L 5,600 G 800	1

PROGRAM: GUYANA

ACTIVITY DATA SHEET

CP 77-05

TITLE	FUNDS	PROPOSED OBLIGATION (in thousands of dollars)			
Special Development Activities		Selected Development Activities	FY 79 100 LIFE OF PROJECT 1,214		LIFE OF PROJECT 1,214
l !	NEW CONTINUING X	PRIOR REFERENCE, FY 78 Latin America Programs, p. 124		ESTIMATED FINAL OBLIGATION FY 85	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE OF PROJECT FY 85

<u>Purpose</u>: To promote development initiatives at the community levels, focusing on Guyana's more remote areas, by partially financing small self-help projects (normal maximum \$5,000 per project) of direct benefit to participating communities.

Background and Progress to Date: Since the inception of this project in 1965, assistance has been provided to a variety of community self-help activities including construction of additional rooms for community clinics, providing instruction material and/or rehabilitating trade and vocational training centers, purchasing such things as pipe for a community's water system or books for a rural school. All projects to qualify for this small grant assistance must have a self-help component, e.g., community provides labor for adding a room to clinic, the grant provides funding to purchase cement or wood. During FY 1977, a total of twenty-five community projects were supported by the project, for an average cost of \$4,000 per project. These self-help activities included repairs to a rural school; the supply of agricultural tools to another school, providing funds to build a small bridge, providing piping for water supplies at three different locations and funding part of the construction cost of a medical hut. Twenty-three of the twenty-five community projects assisted were in rural areas of the country.

Host Country and Other Donors: No government contributions are made to these activities. Local groups however generally contribute half of the cost of each project.

FY 1979 Program: As in the FY 78 program, high priority will continue to be given to assistance to construction of small clinics and schools in rural areas.

Major Outputs: All Years: Projects are dependent on specific assistance requests submitted by communities and other local organizations, hence outputs cannot be pre-determined. There are expected to be, however, clinics constructed, additions to schools, Nacic water supply systems established and similar community endeavors.

Beneficiaries: Normally small community groups unable, due to lack of funds, to finance solely on their own. An estimated average number of beneficiaries per project is 500, an average of \$8 per person based on average project cost of \$4,000.

A.I.D. Financed Inputs:		(\$ thousands <u>FY 79</u>		
Community self-help projects		100		
Total	•	,100		

U.S. FINANCING (in thousands of dollars)					
	Obligations	Expenditures	Unliquidated	7	
Through September 30, 1977	414	365	49	٦	
Estimated Fiscal Year 1978	100	130		7	
Estimated through September 30, 1978	514	495	19	7	
		Future Year Obligations	Estimated Total Cost	7	
Proposed Fiscal Year 1979	100	600	1,214	7	

PRINCIPAL CONTRACTORS OR AGENCIES

None

COUNTRY: GUYANA

	••••• F(OREIGN ASS PER	SISTANCE A	CT		TOTAL LOANS AND	REPAY- MENTS , AND '	TOTAL LESS REPAYMENTS	
PROGRAM	1974	1975	1976	ΤQ	1977	GR&NTS 1946-77	INTEREST 1946-77	INTEREST 1946-77	
									[Million of Bolley]
I.ECON. ASSIST TOTAL	0.2	1.3	2.0	0;1	6.3				ted house preserant of Sther Bondry
LOANS	•	1.0	1.8	٠.:	6.2				
GRANTS	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1				A. ARRISTANCE FROM INTERNATIONAL ASSECTES - COMMITTMENTS
					•••				
A.AID AND PREDECES	0.1	1.0	1.8		6.3				TOTAL TOTAL
LUANS		1.0	1.8	-	6.2				193D 0.1 - A9
GRANTS	0.1			٠.	0.1				נאסף ניה
(366.30PP.#35151.)[-) (-) (-) (-j (-) (Other DW 14
B.FOOD FOR PEACE									· ·
LOANS	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	•				
GHANIS		. :		-	-				
TITLE I-TUTAL	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	-				
REPAY. TH S-LOAMS		•	-	-	-		ត្		8. STREET BENTE CONTINT ARTHTANCE - SILATERAL GASTI DISPUSTINGUES
PAY. IN FOR. CURR		_	-	-	-		PRINTING		1. OAC COUNTRIES (trabelle U.S.)
TITLE 11-TOTAL	0.1	0.2			-		Ξ		execonnists (times 4.1)
E.RELIEF.FC.DEV & WFP.	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	•		æ		9 mar <u>CY 1878</u> <u>CY 1879</u> / CY 180
VOL.RELIEF AGENCY	•••	V.E	0.2	0.1	•		11.	}	TOTAL 7.4
			•	-	-		PO		United Kingdom J.9 2.5
C.OTHER ECON. ASSIST		0.1					TIME		Japan 9.0 2.4 21
LUANŞ	-	•••	-	=	-		É	1	Cermany 0.2 0.2
GRANTS		0.1	•	_			F	I	Other 1.5
PEACE CORPS	-	-	-				ΑT		0.2
OTHER	•	0.1	•	_	_		3	(• ,
T.MIL. ASSIST TOTAL							, g g		2 SPEC COUNTRIES
IOANE	-	-	-				5		Bree
LOANS	-	-	-	-			,₹		TOTAL
GRANTS	-	-		-			} ;		Venezuele UAE - 5.0 15.
A.MAP GRANTS							F '	1	3.0
U.CREDIT SALFS-FMC	-	•	-	-			9	ı	
C.MASF GRANTS	_	-	-	-			5	Į.	
U. INAN-FXCESS STOCK	-		-	-			₩	i	
E.OTHER GRANTS	-	-	-	-			FIGURES NOT AVAILABLE		• •
			-	-			Ĕ	i	C LOAD GARTES EXTERNOS YE GOODSTEE TEAAN ONA MARKET &
II.TOTAL ECON. MIL	0.2	1.3	2.0	0.1			_	1	ersor . I lance
LOANS	-	1.0	1.8	··-					767AL 20.0
GRANTS	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1				!	USSR •
T = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =				- • •				. 1	China 20.0
HEP US I DANS.,					~~~~~			i	34,0
CX=IM HANK LUANC	3.6	-	4.6	-	•			*	• ,
ALL OTHER	3,6	~	• •	•	-	•			*
		-	4.6	-				_	Patraliatas CV (833 b.
LESS THAN \$50.000. TO	- TRANS	ITIONAL OL	IADTED						P-Freliminary, CT 1937 Date-Six Nonths Only. UAE-United Arab Rei An aconomic cooperation agreement has been signed, but informet on the amount of sid entended, if any, is not available.

^{*} LESS THAN \$50.000.

D-1-A-Z (15)

TO - TRANSITIONAL QUARTER